

Deductive Interpolation from Horn Semantics

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Logics

Logic: Σ signature \rightsquigarrow $\text{Fm}(X)$
 X variables

$\text{Th} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\text{Fm}(X))$ theory lattice, closed under \cap

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substitution invariance:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Fm(X) & Th \hookrightarrow \mathcal{P}(Fm(X)) & \\ \sigma \uparrow & \sigma^{-1} \downarrow & \downarrow \sigma^{-1} \\ Fm(X) & Th \hookrightarrow \mathcal{P}(Fm(X)) & \end{array}$$

Framework: Filter pairs

$$L \xrightarrow{h} \mathcal{P}(F_m(X))$$

complete lattice

map preserving \wedge
 $\text{Im}(h) =: Th$

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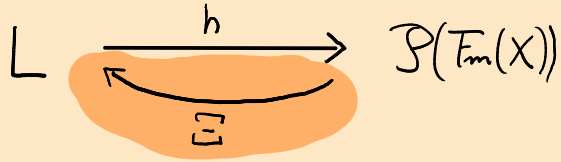
Def: A **filter pair** is a pair (G, h) where

$$G: \underset{\Sigma\text{-Str}^{\text{op}}}{\mathcal{E}} \longrightarrow \text{Lat functor}$$

$$h: G \longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(-)$$

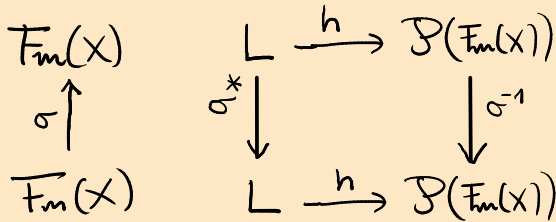
natural transformation
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Example: Congruence filter pairs K quasivariety

$$G := C_{o_K}: \Sigma\text{-Str}^{op} \longrightarrow \text{Lat}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \longmapsto & C_{o_K}(A) \\ \uparrow f & & \downarrow f^* \\ B & \longmapsto & C_{o_K}(B) \end{array}$$

$$C_{o_K}(A) \xrightarrow{h_A} \mathcal{P}(A)$$

$$\Theta \longmapsto \{a \mid \delta_i(a) = \varepsilon_i(a) \text{ in } A/\Theta \forall i \in I\}$$

$(\delta_i(x), \varepsilon_i(x))$
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Presentation by
congruence filter pair

$\hat{=}$ Alg. semantics;

$$\Gamma \vdash \varphi \Leftrightarrow \{ \delta_i(\gamma) = \varepsilon_i(\gamma) \mid \gamma \in \Pi_{i \in I} \} \models_K \delta_i(\varphi) = \varepsilon_i(\varphi)$$

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$$C_{o_K}(A) \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{h_A} \\ \xleftarrow{\varepsilon_A} \end{array} \mathfrak{F}(A)$$

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$(\delta_i(x), \varepsilon_i(x))$
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$$C_{o_K}(\{(\delta_i(x), \varepsilon_i(x)) \mid \begin{array}{l} x \in \Gamma \\ i \in I \end{array}\}) \longleftarrow \Gamma$$

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Example: Horn filter pairs

$$\Sigma^+ = \Sigma \cup \{\text{relation symbols}\}$$

K class of models of a Horn theory Π

$\tilde{\Sigma} \subseteq \Sigma^+$ subsignature

$$G = \text{At}_K^{\tilde{\Sigma}}: \Sigma\text{-Str}^{\text{op}} \longrightarrow \text{Lat}$$

$A \longmapsto \{\Pi\text{-closed atomic } \tilde{\Sigma}\text{-theories extending the theory of } A\}$

$$\text{At}_K^{\tilde{\Sigma}}(A) \longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(A)$$

$$T \longmapsto \{a \mid \psi_i(a) \in T \quad \forall i \in I\}$$

ψ_i : some unary atomic Σ^+ -formulas

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E.g. $\Sigma^+ = \Sigma \cup \{\leq\}$

$$\psi(a) = T \leq a$$

or $\Sigma^+ = \Sigma \cup \{R\}$

$$\psi(a) = R(a)$$

↑ unary

Deductive Interpolation Property (DIP):

$\Gamma \vdash \varphi$, then $\Gamma \vdash \psi_i$, $\{\psi_i \mid i \in I\} \vdash \varphi$
 $\text{Var}(\Gamma) = X$ $\text{Var}(\varphi) = Y$ $\text{Var}(\{\psi_i \mid i \in I\}) \subseteq X \cap Y$

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Flat theory amalgamation [Czédakowski-Pigozzi]:

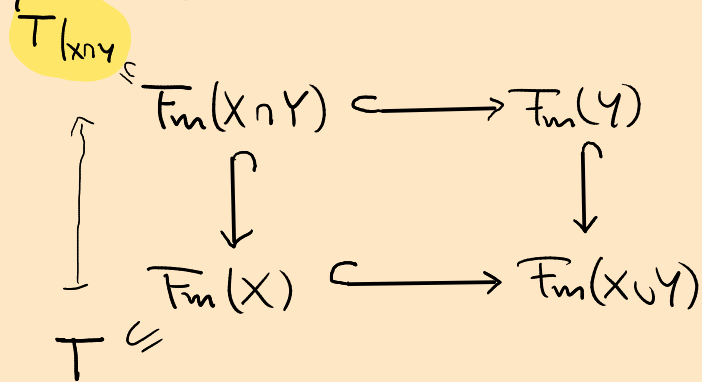
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Fm}(X \cap Y) & \hookrightarrow & \text{Fm}(Y) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \text{Fm}(X) & \hookrightarrow & \text{Fm}(X \cup Y) \end{array}$$

$T \subseteq$

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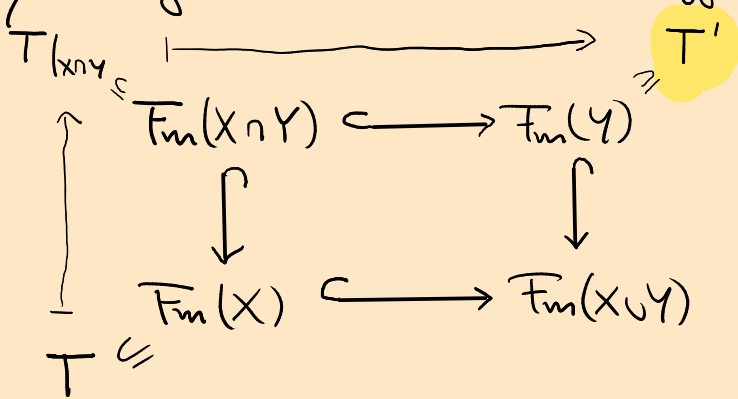
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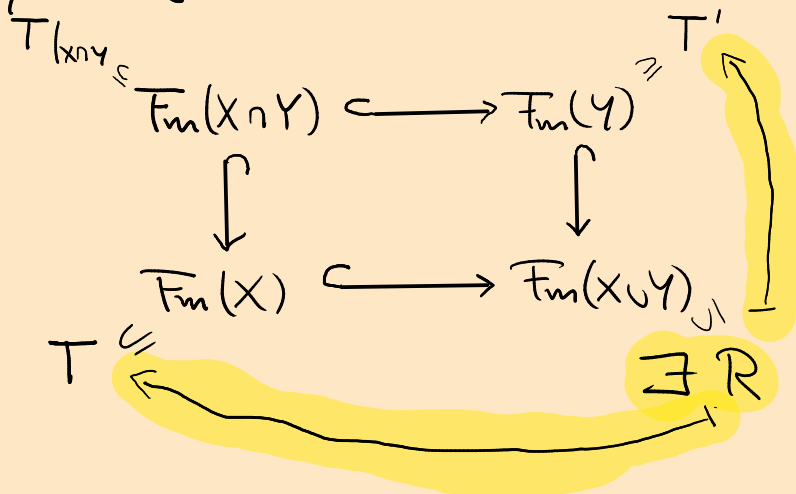
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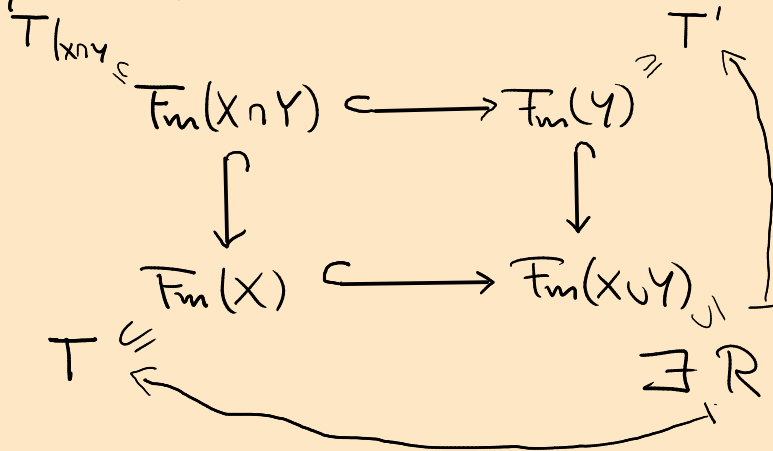


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amalg.
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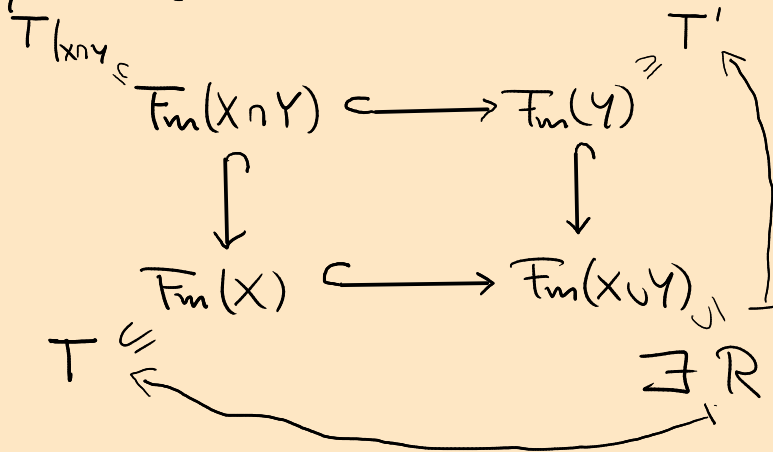
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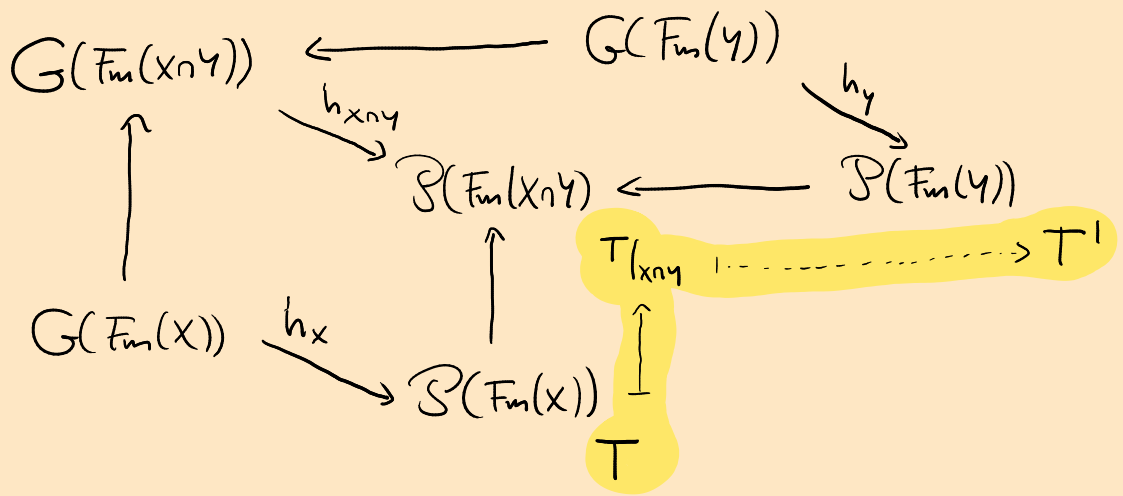
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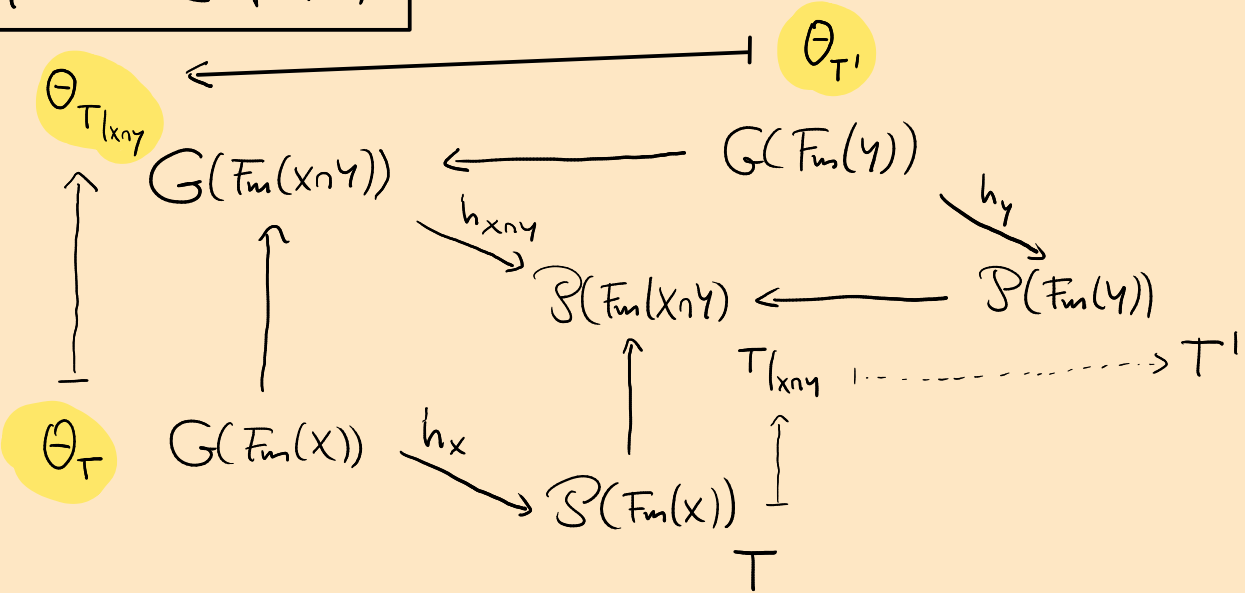


Flat theory
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Theory lifting property

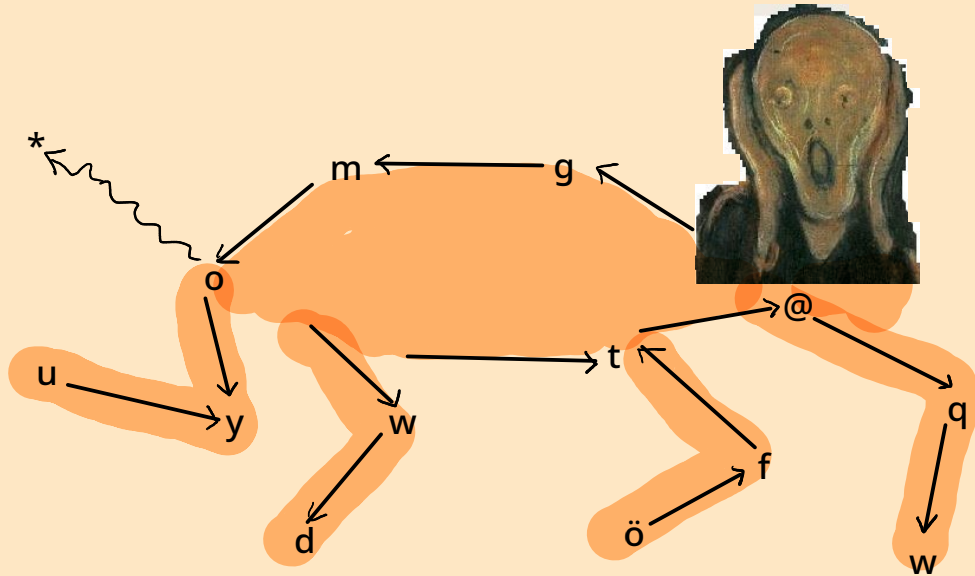


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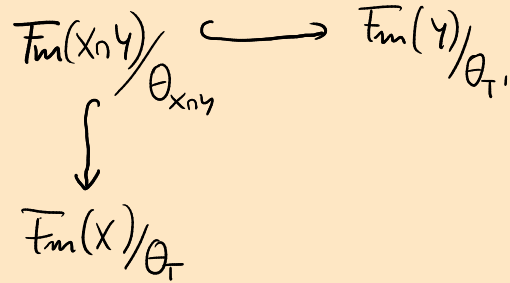
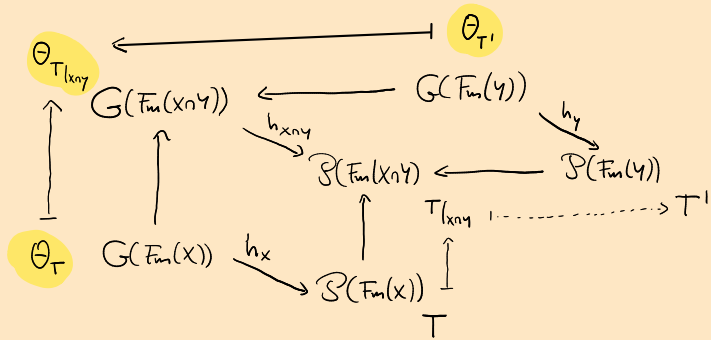


Theorem: For a congruence filter pair (C_{κ}, h) with the theory lifting property:
Amalgamation in $K \Rightarrow \text{DIP}$

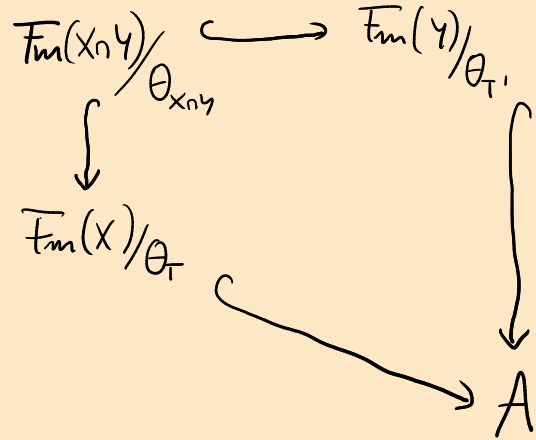
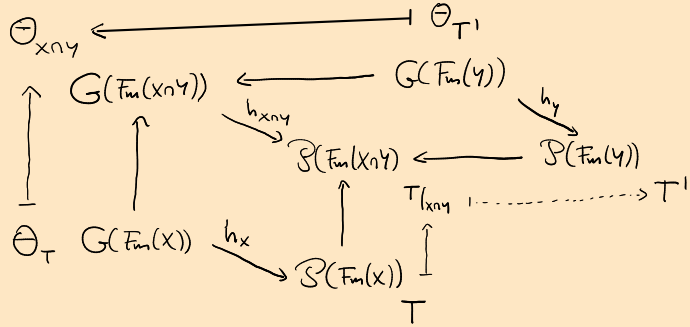
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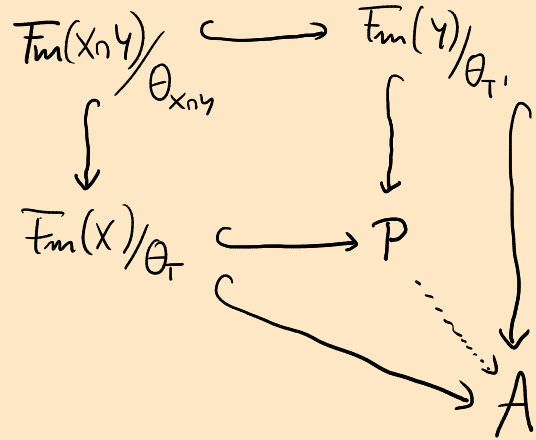
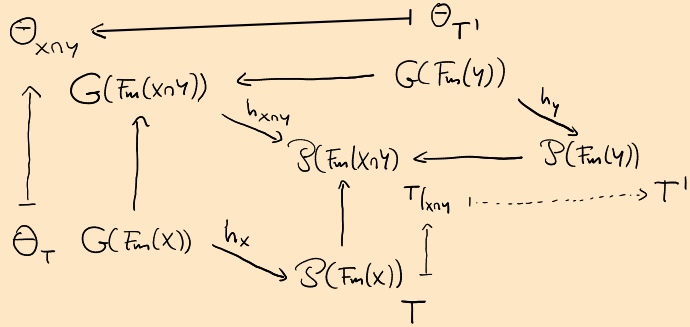
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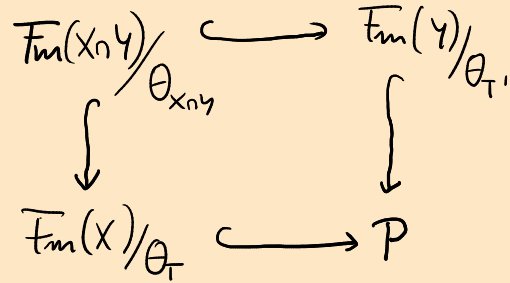
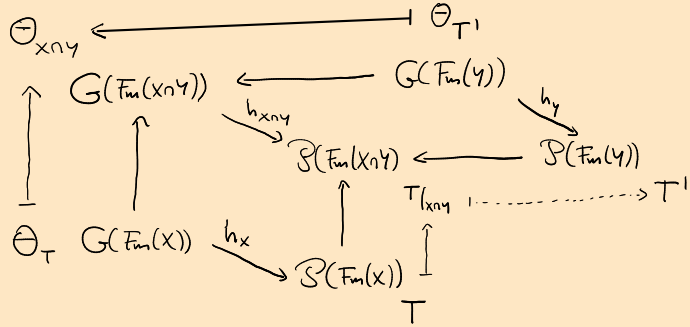
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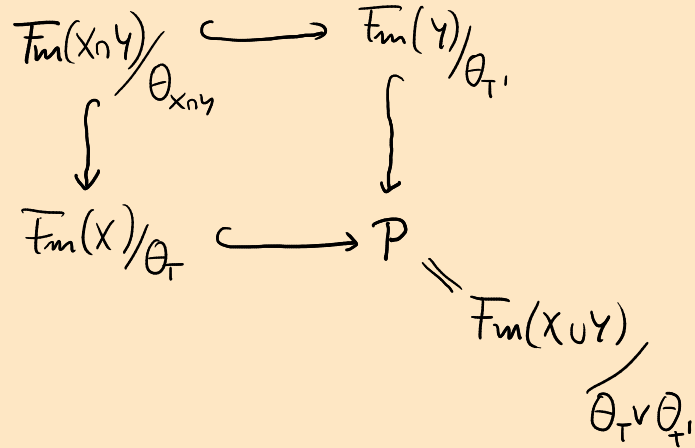
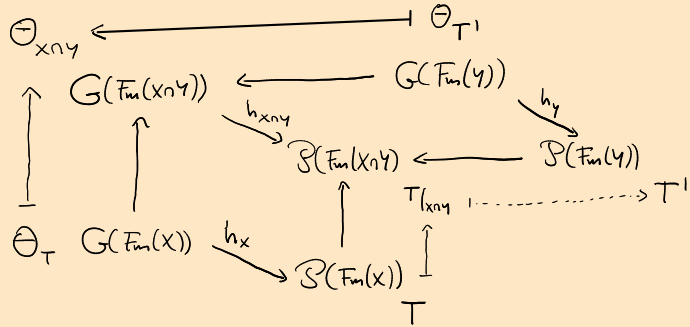
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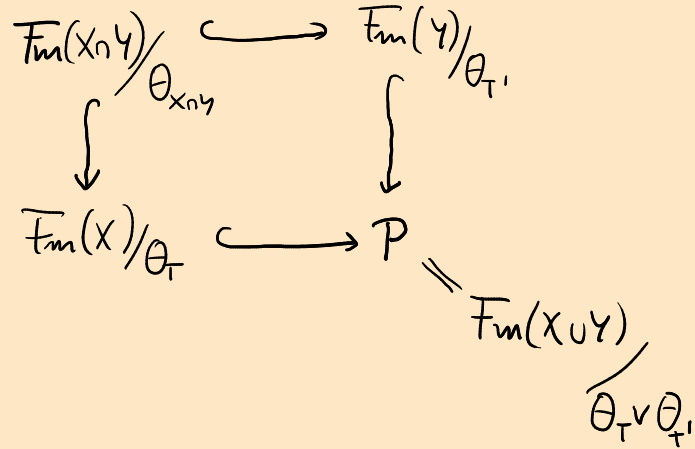
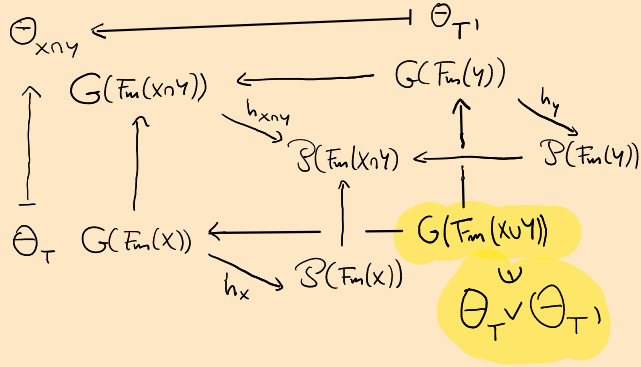
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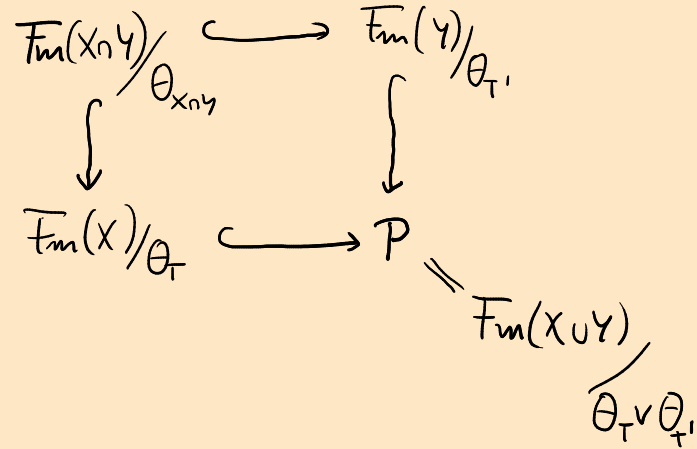
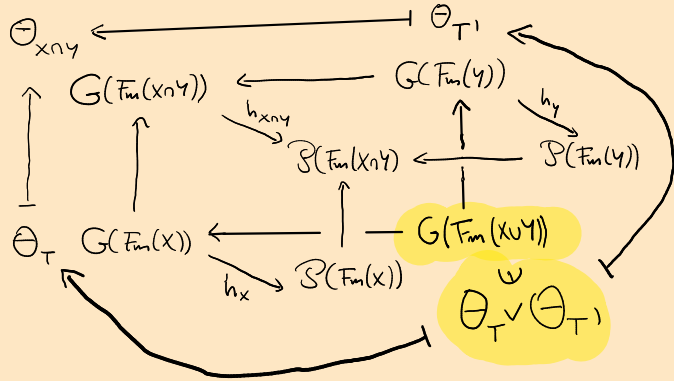
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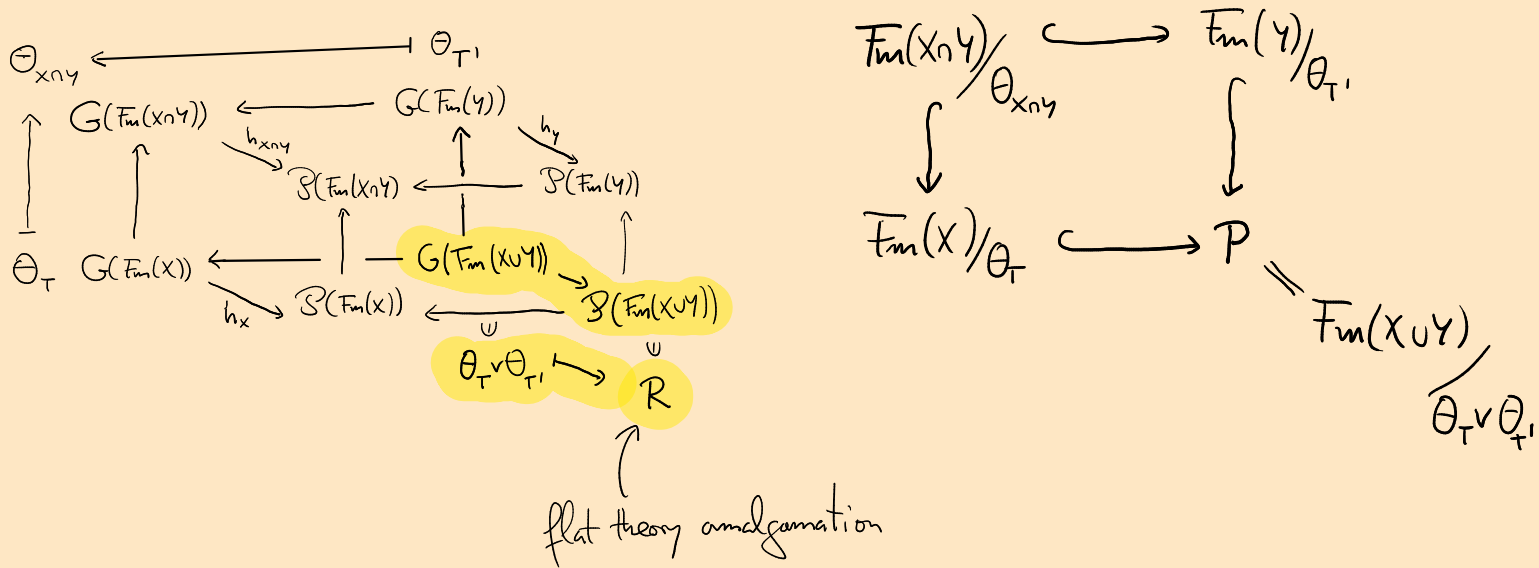
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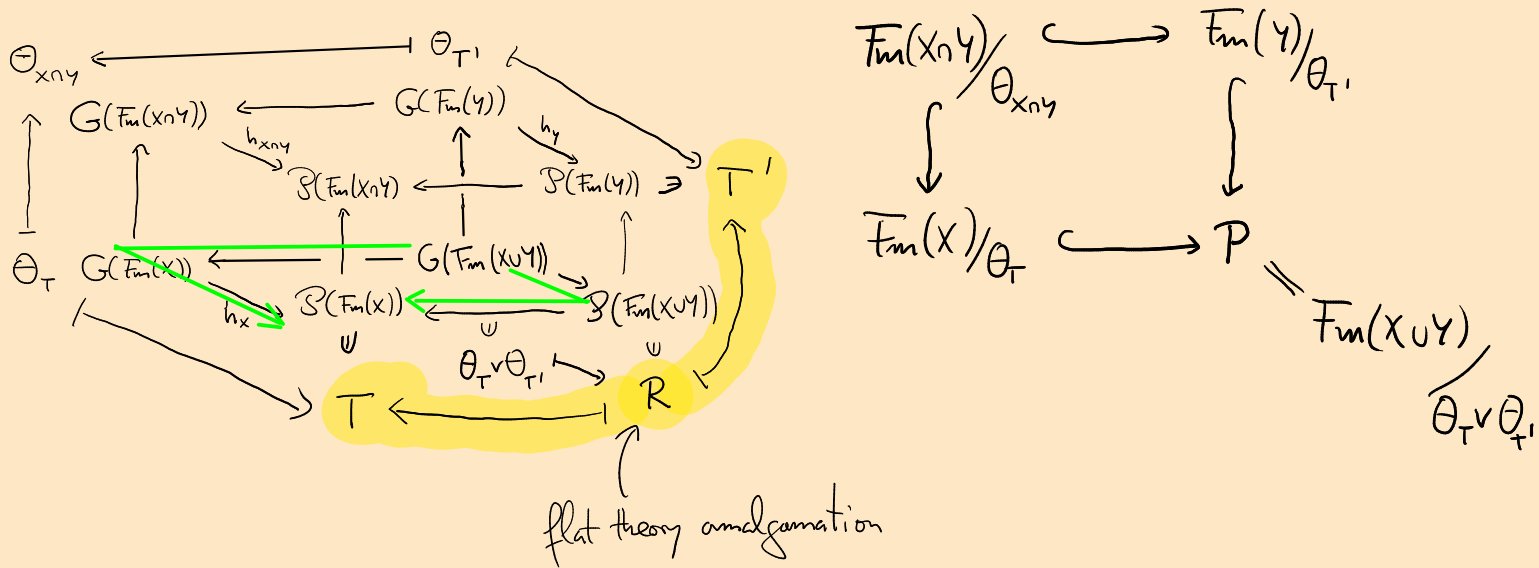
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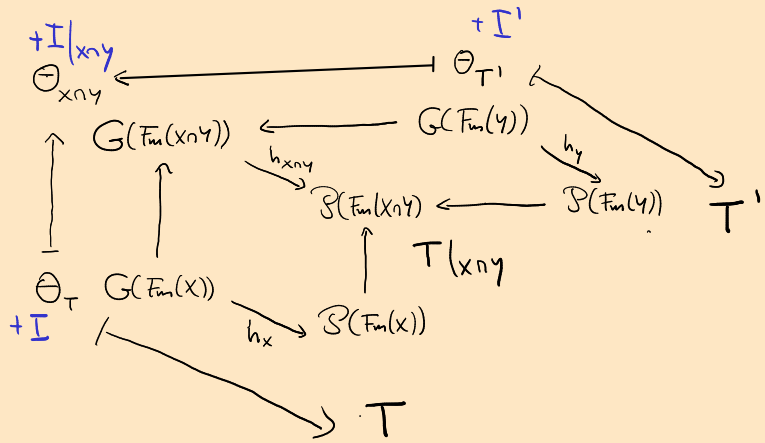


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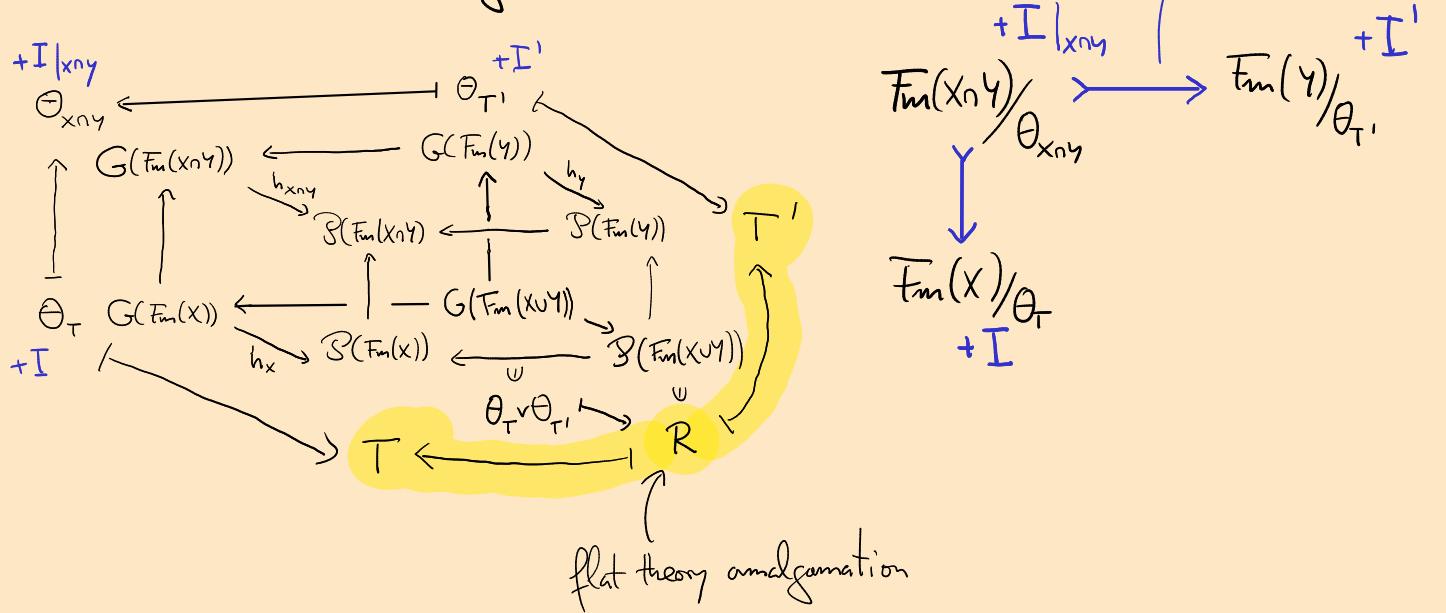
$$Fun(xny) / \Theta_{xny} \quad +I|_{xny}$$

$$Fun(y) / \Theta_{T'} \quad +I'$$

$$Fun(x) / \Theta_T \quad +I$$

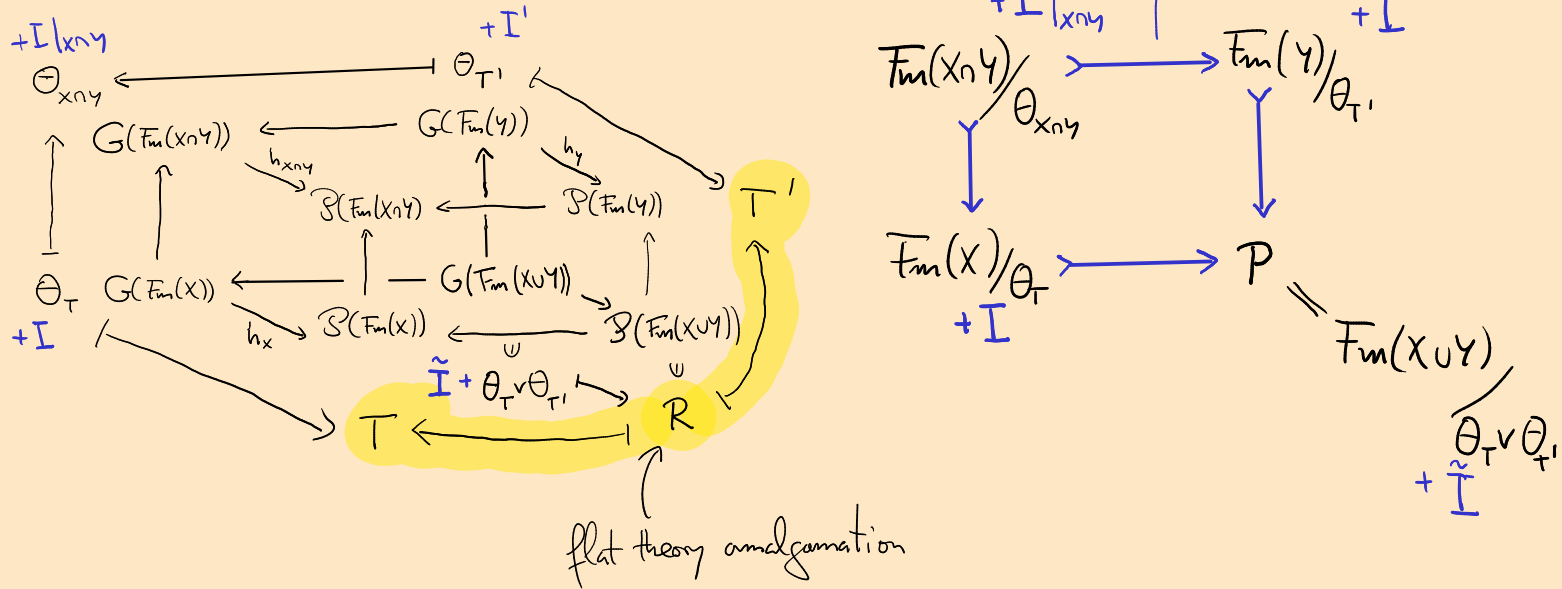
Theorem: For a ~~Congruence~~ ^{Horn} filter pair $(C_{\alpha, h})$ with the theory lifting property:

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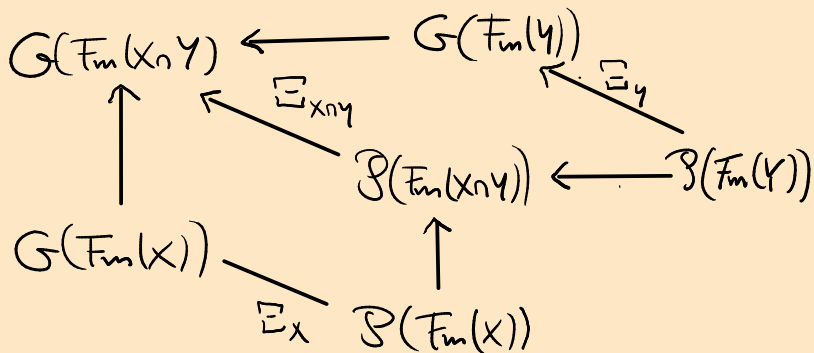
Atomic Amalgamation in $K \Rightarrow \text{DIP}$



Remaining question:

When does a filter pair have the theory lifting property?

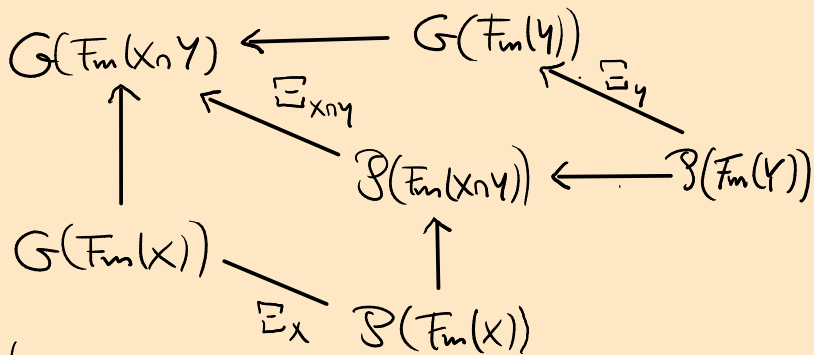
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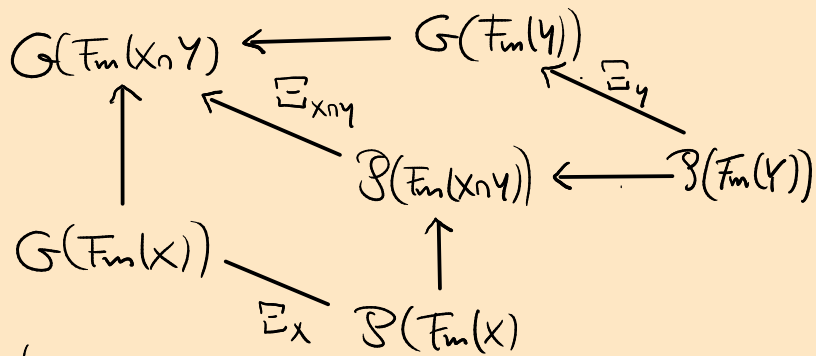


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Sufficient for that: h is injective

for congruence
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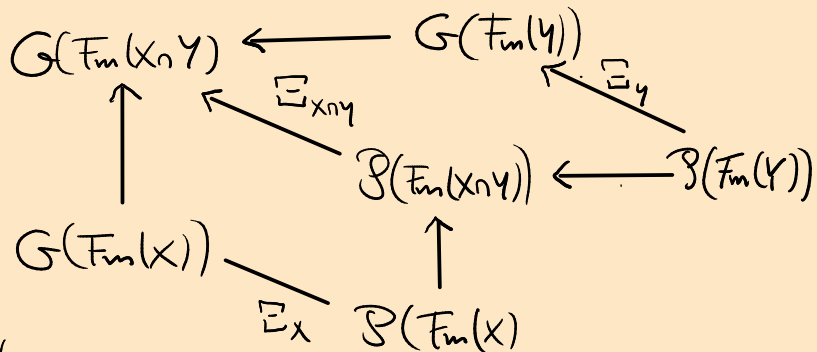


(G, h) presents an equivalent alg. semantics

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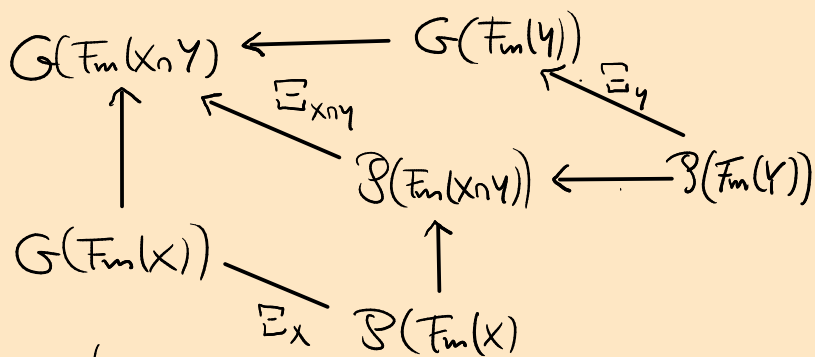


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^{Horn}

Remaining question:

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Sufficient: \exists is natural



Sufficient for that: h is injective

Also sufficient for congruence filter pairs:

The alg. semantics is in a regular variety and given by regular equations.

Thanks!